

$$4(x - 2) = 3(-x - 2) \quad -6(-x + 4) = 3(-x - 2) \quad -6(-x - 4) = 3(-x - 2)$$

$$(-2)(x + 2) = 4(x - 2) \quad (-3)(3x + 3) = (-8)(3x + 12) \quad (-5)(-4x - 3) = -6(-x - 4)$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \quad -\frac{29}{5} \quad \frac{9}{14} \quad -\frac{10}{3} \quad 2 \quad \frac{2}{7}$$

$$(-6)(3x + 2) = 4(x - 2) \quad (-5)(-3x + 3) = 4(x - 2) \quad (-2)(-12 - 2x) = (-7)(4x + 9)$$

Die Sternchenaufgabe

$$4(x - 2) = (54x + 63) \cdot \frac{1}{9} \quad 4(x - 2) = (24x - 48) \cdot \frac{1}{12} \quad 4(x - 2) = (45x - 81) \cdot \frac{1}{4}$$

$$-\frac{15}{2} \quad 2 \quad \frac{49}{29} \quad -\frac{2}{11} \quad \frac{7}{11} \quad -\frac{87}{32}$$

$$4(x - 2) = (45x + 81) : 9 \quad 4(x - 2) = (24x - 72) : 12$$

$$14 + 2(3x - 2) = 6x + 3(x + 3) \quad 2x + 2(-2 - x) = 6x + 3(x + 3)$$

$$14x - 2(x - 2) = 6x - 3(x + 3) \quad 2x - 2(-2 - x) = 6x - 3(x + 3)$$

$$4(x - 2) = 6(2x - 5) + 2(x - 2) \quad 4(x - 2) = 6(x - 1) + 3(x + 3)$$

$$4(x - 2) = 6(x + 5) - 2(x - 2) \quad 4(x - 2) = 6(x - 1) - 3(x + 3)$$

$$\frac{13}{5} \quad -\frac{11}{5} \quad -13 \quad -\frac{13}{9} \quad \{\otimes\}$$

$$-7 \quad -\frac{13}{9} \quad \frac{1}{3} \quad -17$$

Eine Lösung fehlt. Sie beträgt die Hälfte der Lösung der Sternchenaufgabe!

$$\frac{3 + 2x}{8} = 2x - 9 \quad 4x - 9 = \frac{x - 12}{8} \quad 2x - 6 = \frac{-16 + 5x}{7}$$

$$5x - 14 = \frac{2x + 2}{-6} \quad \frac{x + 15}{4} = \frac{-12 + x}{2} \quad \frac{10 - 4x}{-3} = \frac{5x + 8}{6}$$

$$\frac{41}{16} \quad 39 \quad \frac{28}{3} \quad \frac{26}{9} \quad \frac{60}{31} \quad \frac{75}{14}$$